GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Goodrich, Texas

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF BOARD August 31, 2020

Goodrich Independent School District	Polk	187-903
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fina	ncial reports of the abov	e-named school district were reviewed and
. ,	ne year ended August 31,	2020, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees
of such school district on the 15 th day of October, 2020.		
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board President
If the Decod of Touches discoursed of the conditional country		
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report	, the reason(s) for disapp	roving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Goodrich Independent School District Goodrich, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Goodrich Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the general, debt service, and capital project funds schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budgetary comparison, pension schedules, and OPEB schedules as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining funds financial statements and other supplementary information, including the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lufkin, Texas October 15, 2020



GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Goodrich Independent School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,847,273 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$1,464,523 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.
- The District's total net position increased by \$440,124.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$3,004,052, an increase of \$331,029 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,775,438, or 89 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total bonded debt decreased by \$85,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary and other information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changes during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Admission, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements, and Other Intergovernmental Charges.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 8 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled nonmajor governmental funds.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and national school breakfast and lunch program. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget column. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents required supplementary information and supplementary and other information including schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Such information can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,847,273 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Goodrich Independent School District's Net Position

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
	AUG	SUST	31,	_	AMOUNT	%		
	2020	_	2019		OF CHANGE	CHANGE		
Current and other assets	\$ 3 480 365	\$	3 132 932	\$	347 433	11.1%		
Capital and long-term assets	3 931 669	_	3 857 803	_	73 866	1.9%		
TOTAL ASSETS	7 412 034	_	6 990 735	_	421 299	6.0%		
Deferred outflows	336 520		308 492		28 028	9.0%		
Long-term liabilities	4 080 340		4 224 899		(144 559)	(3.4)%		
Other liabilities	276 961	_	259 802	_	17 159	6.6%		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4 357 301	_	4 484 701	_	(127 400)	(2.8)%		
Deferred inflows	543 980	_	407 377	_	136 603	33.5%		
Net Position:								
Invested in capital assets	1 154 136		1 067 327		86 809	8.1%		
Restricted	228 614		491 534		(262 920)	(53.4)%		
Unrestricted	1 464 523	_	848 288	_	616 235	72.6%		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2 847 273	\$	2 407 149	\$	440 124	18.3%		

Net investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding represent 51 percent of the District's net position. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net position that is restricted for grants, debt service and capital projects totaled \$228,614 or 8 percent of net position. The unrestricted net position of \$1,464,523 (41 percent of total net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.

Summary of Activities and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities

The District's net position increased by \$440,124 from current operations. Key elements of the changes are as follows:

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
	•	AUG	UST	31,		AMOUNT	%		
	•	2020		2019	_	OF CHANGE	CHANGE		
Revenues:	•								
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	41 090	\$	41 145	\$	(55)	(0.1)%		
Operating grants and contributions		951 610		578 119		373 4 91	64.6%		
General Revenues:									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		1 309 232		1 253 096		56 136	4.5%		
Property taxes, levied for debt service		162 556		171 629		(9 073)	(5.3)%		
Unrestricted grants and programs		2 207 040		1 795 993		411 047	22.8%		
Investment earnings		26 727		40 354		(13 627)	(33.8)%		
Other general revenues		22 929		28 021		(5 092)	(18.2)%		
TOTAL REVENUES		4 721 184		3 908 357		812 827	20.8%		
Evnoncos									
Expenses: Instruction		2 178 354		1 574 203		604 151	38.4%		
Instructional resources and media services		25 254		19 704		5 550	28.2%		
Curriculum and staff development		9 271		18 667		(9 396)	(50.3)%		
School leadership		266 466		277 776		(11 310)	(4.1)%		
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		114 050		83 216		30 834	37.5%		
Health services		53 180		36 343		16 837	46.3%		
Student transportation		129 330		112 135		17 195	15.3%		
Food service		217 451		204 341		13 110	6.4%		
Co-curricular and extracurricular activities		92 254		110 743		(18 489)	(16.7)%		
General administration		448 346		412 076		36 260	8.8%		
Plant maintenance and operations		445 110		374 176		70 934	19.0%		
Security and monitoring services		36 347		4 624		31 723	686.0%		
Data processing services		91 729		102 914		(11 185)	(10.9)%		
Interest on long-term debt		86 159		94 239		(8 080)	(8.6)%		
Capital outlay		-		54 114		(Š4 114)	(100.0)%		
Payments to shared services arrangements		52 827		85 569		(32 742)	(38.3)%		
Other intergovernmental charges		29 932		29 330		602	2.1%		
TOTAL EXPENSES		4 281 060		3 594 170	_	686 890	19.1%		
CHANCE IN NET POCITION		440 124		214 107		125.027	40.10/		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		440 124		314 187		125 937	40.1%		
Net position - Beginning	٠.	2 407 149	. _. .	2 092 962		314 187	15.0%		
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$.	2 847 273	\$	2 407 149	\$	440 124	18.3%		

Revenues are generated primarily from two sources. Grants and contributions (program and general revenues totaling \$3,158,650) represent 67 percent of total revenues and property taxes (\$1,471,788) represents 31 percent of total revenues. The remaining 2 percent is generated from charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

The primary functional expense of the District is Instruction \$(2,178,354) which represents 52 percent of total expenses, as well as, General Administration and Plant Maintenance which represent 10 and 10 percent of the total expenses, respectively. The remaining functional categories of expenses are individually 28 percent or less of total expenditures.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses funds accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,004,052, an increase of \$331,029 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,775,438. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 89 percent of total general fund expenditures. The revenues and expenditures remained consistent when compared to prior year.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$593,949 during the current fiscal year. The increase in fund balance was primarily due to increases in local and intermediate revenue, as well as state program revenue.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$77,703, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The increase in fund balance during the current year was due to property tax revenues related to the increase in tax revenue from an increase in tax valuation.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$58,935, all of which is restricted for future construction projects. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year of \$264,885 was primarily due to construction expenses.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2020, amounts to \$3,931,669 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$73,866.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• \$254,161 spent on capital projects to renovate the school, build bus canopies, and air conditioners.

Summary of the District's Capital Assets

	GOVERNMEN	ITAL A	ACTIVITIES		AMOUNT	
	 AUG	SUST 3	31,	_'	OF	%
	 2020	0 2019			CHANGE	CHANGE
Land	\$ 320 931	\$	320 931	\$	-	-%
Construction in process	24 895		-		24 895	100.0%
Buildings and improvements	3 218 392		3 136 505		81 887	2.6%
Furniture and equipment	 367 451		400 367	_	(32 916)	(8.2)%
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 3 931 669	\$	3 857 803	\$	73 866	1.9%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Long-term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

Goodrich Independent School District's Long-term Liabilities Outstanding

	_	GOVERNMEN AUG	ITAL A		-	AMOUNT OF	%
		2020 2019				CHANGE	CHANGE
General obligation bonds (net)	\$	2 808 529	\$	2 900 069	\$	(91 540)	(3.2)%
Notes payable		127 458		30 476		96 982	318.2%
Compensated absences		15 075		12 850		2 225	17.3%
Net pension liability		400 375		412 433		(12 058)	(2.9)%
Net OPEB liability	_	904 414		976 605	_	(72 191)	(7.3)%
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	4 255 851	\$	4 332 433	\$	(76 582)	(1.7)%

The District's bonded debt decreased by \$91,540 (3.2 percent) during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled debt payments. Notes payable increased by \$96,982 (318.2 percent) during the current fiscal year as a result of a note payment. The District's general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District and is further guaranteed by the Texas Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program.

State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount for the support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval of the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt, net pension liability, and OPEB liability can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- Current enrollment totals 259 students.
- Property values of the District are projected to remain stable in 2020-2021.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$1.0221 and a debt service tax rate of \$0.1354, a total rate of \$1.1575, were adopted for 2020-2021. The preceding year rate was \$1.0683 for maintenance and operations with a \$0.1370 debt service tax rate.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Manager, Goodrich Independent School District, P. O. Box 789, Goodrich, Texas, 77335.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2020

EXHIBIT A-1

DATA CONTROL CODES	_		1 OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
1110 1120 1225 1240 1510 1520 1530 1580 1000	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property taxes receivable, net Due from other governments Land and improvements Buildings and improvements, net Furniture and equipment, net Construction in process TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1 000 897 1 902 654 339 149 237 665 320 931 3 218 392 367 451 24 895 7 412 034
1700 1000a	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred outflows - Pension Deferred outflows - OPEB TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_ _ _	226 454 110 066 336 520 7 748 554
2110 2140 2165 2501 2502 2516 2540 2545 2000	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Interest payable Accrued liabilities Due within one year Due in more than one year Premium on bond issue Net pension liability Net OPEB liability TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>	41 336 4 286 95 828 127 511 2 650 022 133 529 400 375 904 414 4 357 301
2600 3200 3850 3860 3820	Deferred Inflows: Deferred inflows - Pension Deferred inflows - OPEB TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Restricted for grants	<u>-</u>	112 325 431 655 543 980 1 154 136 77 703 58 935 91 976
3900 3000	Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ <u>_</u>	1 464 523 2 847 273

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

EXHIBIT B-1

										NET (EXPENSE)
				1		3		4		REVENUE AND
					_	PROG	SRAN	1 REVENUES	_	CHANGES IN
DATA					_	CHARGES		OPERATING		NET POSITION
CONTROL						FOR		GRANTS AND	_	GOVERNMENTAL
CODES	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		_	EXPENSES		SERVICES		CONTRIBUTIONS	_	ACTIVITIES
	Governmental Activities:				_				_	
11	Instruction		\$	2 178 354	\$	27 085	\$	595 755	\$	(1 555 514)
12	Instruction resources and media services			25 25 4		-		18 342		(6 912)
13	Curriculum and staff development			9 271		-		-		(9 271)
23	School leadership			266 466		-		31 755		(234 711)
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services			114 050		-		14 695		(99 355)
33	Health services			53 180		-		-		(53 180)
34	Student transportation			129 330		-		7 141		(122 189)
35	Food services			217 451		11 380		182 199		(23 872)
36	Co-curricular/extracurricular activities			92 254		2 625		3 657		(85 972)
41	General administration			448 346		-		40 873		(407 473)
51	Plant maintenance and operations			445 110		-		28 531		(421 579)
52	Security and monitoring services			36 347		-		25 000		(11 347)
53	Data processing services			91 729		-		3 662		(88 067)
71	Debt service			86 159		-		-		(86 159)
93	Payments related to shared services arrangements			52 827		-		-		(52 827)
99	Other intergovernmental charges			29 932		-		-		(29 932)
TG	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$	4 281 060	\$	41 090	\$	951 610	_	(3 288 360)
			-				-			
			Ge	neral Revenues	s:					
		MT		Property taxe	s, le	vied for genera	al pu	rposes		1 309 232
		DT		Property taxe	s, le	vied for debt s	ervio	ce ce		162 556
		GC		Grants and co	ntril	butions not res	trict	ed		2 207 040
		ΙE		Investment ea	arnir	ngs				26 727
		MI		Miscellaneous	;					22 929
		TR		TOTAL GE	NER.	AL REVENUES			-	3 728 484
		CN		CHANGE II	N NE	ET POSITION			-	440 124
		NB	Ne	t position - Beg						2 407 149
		NE				N - ENDING			\$	2 847 273

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2020

			10		50
DATA					DEBT
CONTROL			GENERAL		SERVICE
CODES	<u>-</u>		FUND		FUND
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	766 681	\$	77 703
1120	Current investments		1 902 654		-
1225	Taxes receivable, net		318 101		21 048
1240	Due from other governments		207 555		-
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3 194 991	\$	98 751
	LIABILITIES				
	Current Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts payable	\$	9 661	\$	-
2160	Accrued wages payable	•	91 791	·	-
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES		101 452		-
	Deferred Inflows:				
2600	Unavailable revenue		318 101		21 048
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	•	419 553	-	21 048
	FUND DALANCES				
	FUND BALANCES				
2.450	Restricted Fund Balances:				
3450	Federal/state funds grant restrictions		-		- 77 703
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		// /03
2510	Committed Fund Balances:				
3510	Construction		- 2 775 420		-
3600	Unassigned		2 775 438	-	77.702
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2 775 438	-	77 703
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
	AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3 194 991	\$	98 751

60			98					
CAPITAL		OTHER		TOTAL				
PROJECTS	GO'	VERNMENTAL	GC	VERNMENTAL				
FUND		FUNDS		FUNDS				
58 935	\$	97 578	\$	1 000 897				
-		-		1 902 654				
-		-		339 149				
	_	30 110		237 665				
58 935	\$ _	127 688	\$	3 480 365				
-	\$		\$	41 336				
	_		_	95 828				
	_	35 712	_	137 164				
	_			339 149				
	_	35 712		476 313				
_		91 976		91 976				
_		J1 J70 -		77 703				
				77 703				
58 935		-		58 935				
-		-		2 775 438				
58 935	_	91 976	_	3 004 052				
	_		_					
58 935	\$ <u>_</u>	127 688	\$ <u> </u>	3 480 365				
	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND 58 935 58 935	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND 58 935 \$	CAPITAL PROJECTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 58 935 \$ 97 578	CAPITAL PROJECTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS 58 935 \$ 97 578 \$ \$				

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2020

EXHIBIT C-1R

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	\$	3 004 052
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		3 931 669
Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds.		339 149
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, notes payable, compensated absences, and net pension and OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(4 220 137)
Deferred outflows of resources for pension represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (revenue) until that time.		226 454
Deferred inflows of resources for pension represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.		(112 325)
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.		110 066
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.	_	(431 655)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$_	2 847 273

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

DATA CONTROL CODES			10 GENERAL FUND		50 DEBT SERVICE FUND
	Revenues:	_		-	
5700	Local and intermediate revenue	\$	1 333 922	\$	162 769
5800	State program revenues	•	2 200 712		7 645
5900	Federal program revenues		155 595		-
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	3 690 229	- -	170 414
	Expenditures:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		1 564 349		-
0012	Instructional resources and media services		5 558		-
0013	Curriculum and staff development		8 773		-
0023	School leadership		249 589		-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		77 085		-
0033	Health services		36 415		-
0034	Student transportation		115 121		-
0035	Food service		-		-
0036	Co-curricular/extracurricular activities		59 821		-
0041	General administration		382 632		-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		389 359		-
0052	Security and monitoring services		5 930		-
0053	Data processing services		86 538		-
0071	Principal on long-term debt		9 684		85 000
0072	Interest on long-term debt		1 469		77 150
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		-		1 000
0081	Capital outlay		-		-
0093	Payments to shared service arrangements		52 827		-
0099	Other governmental charges	_	29 932	_	
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	3 075 082		163 150
	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	615 147	· -	7 264
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7915	Transfer in		-		-
8911	Transfer out	_	(21 198)	_	
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(21 198)		-
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		615 147		7 264
0100	Fund balances - Beginning	_	2 181 489	· -	70 439
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ <u>_</u>	2 775 438	\$_	77 703

	60				98
	CAPITAL		OTHER		TOTAL
	PROJECTS		GOVERNMENTAL		GOVERNMENTAL
	FUND		FUNDS		FUNDS
\$	645	\$	38 502	\$	1 535 838
	-		41 595		2 249 952
	-		435 237		590 832
	645		515 334		4 376 622
	-		257 908		1 822 257
	-		15 981		21 539
	-		-		8 773
	-		289		249 878
	-		-		77 085
	-		-		36 415
	-		569		115 690
	-		195 645		195 645
	-		23 750		83 571
	-		-		382 632
	-		22 689		412 048
	-		25 000		30 930
	-		-		86 538
	-		-		94 684
	-		-		78 619
	-		-		1 000
	265 530		-		265 530
	-		-		52 827
	-				29 932
	265 530		541 831		4 045 593
	(264 885)		(26 497)		331 029
	-		21 198		21 198
	-				(21 198)
			21 198		
	(264.005)		(5.200)		224 020
	(264 885)		(5 299)		331 029
	222.020		07.275		2 (72 022
	323 820		97 275		2 673 023
ф	E0 03E	+	01.076	+	2 004 052
\$	58 935	\$	91 976	\$	3 004 052

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

For the Teal Efficient August 31, 2020	EXHIB	IT C-3
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	331 029
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are Different Because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		73 866
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.		26 696
Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		54 474
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		(6 540)
The (increase) decrease in compensated absences is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(15 075)
The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(20 962)
The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(3 364)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	\$	440 124

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS August 31, 2020

E	KHIBIT E-1
	AGENCY FUND
\$	20 777
_	20 777

DATA CONTROL CODES	-		AGENCY FUND
1110 1000	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	20 777 20 777
2190 2000	LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	20 777 20 777
3000	NET POSITION TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	-

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

A. Reporting Entity

The Goodrich Independent School District (the "District"), is governed by a seven-member board of trustees, (the "Board"), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public, elementary and secondary, education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present the District.

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major *governmental funds*.

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the District's major facilities.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *agency fund* accounts for assets held by the District for student organizations. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement or results of operations.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activities occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds are eliminated in governmental activities.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is all considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and bank demand or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Deposits and Investments

Investments for the District, except for certain investment pools and non-negotiable certificates of deposits, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or fair value. Non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Land and improvements are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	ESTIMATED
ASSET CLASS	USEFUL LIVES
Buildings	15-30
Building improvements	15-30
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	5-10

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent year.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused state leave benefits. Payment for unused state leave days accumulated locally will be made upon retirement (in accordance with guidelines established by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas) for professional personnel. All state leave is accrued when an employee is eligible for retirement in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, the result of employee terminations.

The District does not have a liability for unpaid vacation at year end because the District's policy does not allow a carryover of vacation not taken at August 31.

6. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bonds or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees (the Board) is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by board action or the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has, by policy, authorized the superintendent or his designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

9. Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenue

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property values are determined by the county appraisal district as of January 1 each year. Prior to September 1 of each year, the District must adopt its annual budget and as soon thereafter as practicable, shall adopt a tax rate thus creating the tax levy. Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of July 1 of each year.

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

H. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund and Debt Service Fund. All other governmental funds adopt project-length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus/department. Transfers of appropriations between campus/departments require the approval of the District's management. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrances accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. All encumbrances have expired at year end.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Cash Deposits:

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Investments:

The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. State law and District policy limits credit risk by allowing investing in 1) Obligations of the United States or its agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) not less than A or its equivalent; 2) Certificates of deposit issued by a broker or depository located in Texas which is insured by the FDIC; 3) Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies not to exceed 90 days to maturity from the date of purchase; 4) Bankers acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer which are eligible for collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank; 5) No-load money market mutual funds which shall be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, investments comply with the Public Funds Investment Act and are continuously rated not less than AAA by at least one NRSRO; 6) A guaranteed investment contract (for bond proceeds only) which meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by the Public Funds Investment Act; 7) Public funds investment pools which meets the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act; 8) Commercial paper is an authorized investment if it has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance; and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least: two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or one nationally recognized agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state; 9) Securities lending program as permitted by Government Code 2256.016.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

The District's investment balances, weighted average maturity, and credit risk of such investments are as follows:

	AUGUST 31, 2020	PERCENT OF TOTAL INVESTMENTS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE MATURITY (DAYS)	CREDIT RISK
Investments Measured at Cost:				
Certificates of deposit \$	373 324	19.6%	75	*
Investments measured at Fair Value, Not Subject				
to Level Reporting:				
Investment Pools:				
Lone Star Corporate Overnight Plus Fund	1 529 330	80.4%	8 4	AAAm
TOTAL \$	1 902 654	100%		

^{*}Certificates are insured or collateralized

Certificates of deposit are measured at amortized cost or net asset value, i.e., fair value. Such investment are not required to be reported in the fair value hierarchy.

The Lone Star Overnight Plus investment pool is an external investment pool measured at fair (NAV) value. Lone Stare Overnight Plus' strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The District has no unfunded commitments related to the investment pool. Lone Star Overnight Plus has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

Credit Risk:

For the fiscal year, the District invested in Lone Star Overnight Plus Investment Pool. Lone Star Overnight Investment Plus Pool is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act and is administered by First Public, LLC formerly the Texas Association of School Boards Financial Services. The credit ratings of such investments are noted in the table above. The District's certificates of deposit are not exposed to credit risk and are FDIC insured or collateralized.

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of any internally created pool to no more than 180 days, and any other individual investment not to exceed one year from the time of purchase, unless specifically authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District's investment policy does not limit an investment in any one issuer. The investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits:

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2020, District's bank deposits and certificates of deposit were not exposed to custodial credit risk because they were insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the District's agent and in the District's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments:

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District is not exposed to a custodial risk due to the investments are held by the District in the District's name.

B. <u>Receivables</u>

Tax revenues in the general fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period increased (decreased) revenues as follows:

Change in uncollectible general fund property taxes	\$ 27 661
Change in uncollectible debt service property taxes	 1 830
TOTAL CHANGE IN UNCOLLECTIBLES OF CURRENT FISCAL YEAR	\$ 29 491

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Approximately 8% of the outstanding balance of property taxes is not anticipated to be collected within the next year.

C. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BEGINNING BALANCES		ADDITIONS		DECREASES	ENDING BALANCES
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	_		_		-		
Land and improvements	\$	320 931	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 320 931
Construction in process		-		24 895		-	24 895
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING	_						
DEPRECIATED	_	320 931	_	24 895		-	345 826
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		9 008 952		231 018		(20 241)	9 219 729
Furniture and equipment	_	1 160 205	_	23 143		(24 612)	1 158 736
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING							
DEPRECIATED	_	10 169 157	_	254 161		(44 853)	10 378 465
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		(5 872 447)		(149 131)		20 241	(6 001 337)
Furniture and equipment	_	(759 838)	_	(51 402)		19 955	(791 285)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED							
DEPRECIATION	_	(6 632 285)	_	(200 533)	_	40 196	(6 792 622)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING							
DEPRECIATED, NET	_	3 536 872	_	53 628	_	(4 657)	3 585 843
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$_	3 857 803	\$_	78 523	\$	(4 657)	\$ 3 931 669

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

	Governmental Activities:	
11	Instruction	\$ 104 063
12	Instructional resources and media services	1 173
13	Curriculum and instructional staff development	498
23	School leadership	14 180
31	Guidance, counseling and evaluation	4 374
33	Health service	2 070
34	Student transportation	6 565
35	Food service	11 102
36	Extracurricular activities	4 746
41	General administration	21 713
51	Plant maintenance and operations	23 383
52	Security and monitoring	1 755
53	Data processing services	4 911
	TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 200 533

D. <u>Long-term Liabilities</u>

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, note payable, and net pension and OPEB liability. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. Other long-term liabilities are generally liquidated with resources of the general fund.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities:

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

General obligation bonds Bond premiums Notes payable	\$	BEGINNING BALANCE 2 760 000 140 069 30 476	\$ INCREASES 82 923	\$	DECREASES (85 000) (6 540) (25 941)	\$ ENDING BALANCE 2 675 000 133 529 87 458	\$	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 90 000 - 22 436
Compensated absences		12 850	2 225		` - ´	15 075		15 075
Net pension liability		412 433	-		(12 058)	400 375		-
Net OPEB liability		976 605	 -	_	(72 191)	 904 414		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$_	4 332 433	\$ 85 148	\$	(201 730)	\$ 4 215 851	\$_	127 511

AMOLINTS

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

General Obligation Bonds:

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school buildings (BLDG) and to refund general obligation bonds (REF). General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation bonds are paid from the Debt Service Fund and funded from future property tax revenues.

The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year:

	INTEREST	ORIGINAL				BEGINNING					ENDING
DESCRIPTION	RATES	ISSUE		MATURITY	_	BALANCE	_	ADDITIONS	_	REDUCTIONS	 BALANCE
2016 BLDG	2.0-3.25%	\$ 2 400 000	_	2041	\$	2 400 000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2 400 000
2016 REF	1.0-2.75%	\$ 595 000		2023	_	360 000	_	-	_	(85 000)	 275 000
TOTALS					\$	2 760 000	\$	-	\$	(85 000)	\$ 2 675 000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

YEAR ENDING			TOTAL
AUGUST 31	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	 REQUIREMENTS
2021	\$ 90 000	\$ 75 288	\$ 165 288
2022	90 000	73 151	163 151
2023	95 000	70 719	165 719
2024	100 000	69 413	169 413
2025	105 000	66 363	171 363
2026 - 2030	580 000	287 532	867 532
2031 - 2035	670 000	193 200	863 200
2036 - 2040	775 000	85 125	860 125
2041	170 000	 2 550	 172 550
TOTALS	\$ 2 675 000	\$ 923 341	\$ 3 598 341

As of August 31, 2020, the District had \$5,000 authorized but unissued bonds from the May 7, 2016 bond election.

Notes Payable:

The District issues notes payable to provide funds for purchase of vehicles and equipment and the renovation of school facilities. The notes payable are secured by the vehicles and equipment purchased. The maintenance tax note is secured by the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual ad valorem tax levied for maintenance purposes by the District. The following is a summary of changes in notes payable during the fiscal year:

	INTEREST		ORIGINAL			BEGINNING			ENDING
SERIES	RATES	_	ISSUE	MATURITY	_	BALANCE	 ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE
2018 Suburban									
note	4.82%	\$	39 715	2022	\$	30 476	\$ -	\$ (9 684)	\$ 20 792
2020 Ideal									
Impact Project	- %	\$	82 923	2026	_	-	82 923	(16 257)	66 666
					\$_	30 476	\$ 82 923	\$ (25 941)	\$ 87 458

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes payable are as follows:

YEAR ENDING					TOTAL
AUGUST 31,	_	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	_	REQUIREMENTS
2021	\$	22 436	\$ 1 002	\$	23 438
2022		22 926	513		23 439
2023		12 285	-		12 285
2024		12 285	-		12 285
2025		12 285	-		12 285
2026		5 241	-		5 241
TOTALS	\$	87 458	\$ 1 515	\$	88 973

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

Health Care Coverage:

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by TRS-Active care (the Plan) a statewide health care coverage program for Texas public education employees, implemented by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The District paid premiums of \$150 per month, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to the TRS. The legislature created the Plan for public school employee group health care coverage in 2002-03, requiring all Districts with fewer than 500 employees to participate in the Plan.

Property/Liability Losses:

The District participates in the Texas Association of Public Schools Property and Liability Fund ("Fund"). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for coverages and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its coverages and transfers the risk to the Fund. In the event that the Fund wants to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the pool. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year or settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Workers Compensation:

The District participates in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund ("Fund") Workers' Compensation Program. The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for coverages and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its coverages and transfers the risk to the Fund. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the pool. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior years or settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingencies

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. These programs are subject to a financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Teacher Retirement System

Plan Description:

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Benefits Provided:

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Contributions:

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 and 2020.

	CONTRIE	<u> </u>	N RATES
	2019		2020
Member	7.7%		7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%		6.8%
Employers	6.8%		6.8%
Employer Contributions - 2020		\$	49 239
Member Contributions - 2020		\$	145 524
NECE On-behalf Contributions - 2019		\$	80 453

- Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing
 entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each
 respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations
 Act (GAA).
- As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:
 - On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
 - During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
 - When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
 - When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

• When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability
Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate
for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other
employees.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 9.50% including inflation
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Discount Rate:

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

			LONG-TERM	EXPECTED
			EXPECTED	CONTRIBUTION
			ARITHMETIC	TO LONG-TERM
		TARGET	REAL RATE	PORTFOLIO
ASSET CLASS		_ALLOCATION*	OF RETURN	RETURNS**
Global Equity	U.S.	18%	5.70%	1.04%
	Non-U.S. Developed	13%	6.90%	0.90%
	Emerging Markets	9%	8.95%	0.80%
	Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.53%	0.14%
	Private Equity	13%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value	U.S. Treasuries	11%	1.11%	0.12%
	Absolute Return	- %	- %	- %
	Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.09%	0.12%
	Cash	1%	(0.30)%	- %
Real Return	Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.70%	0.02%
	Real Assets	14%	5.21%	0.73%
	Energy and Natural Resources	5%	7.48%	0.37%
	Commodities	- %	- %	- %
Risk Parity	Risk Parity	5%	3.70%	0.18%
	Inflation Expectation			2.30%
	Volatility Drag**			(0.79)%
Total		100%		7.25%

^{*} Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

^{**} The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was 7.25 percent. The annual money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis:

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used 7.25% in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

		1% DECREASE IN DISCOUNT	DISCOUNT RATE	1% INCREASE IN DISCOUNT		
	_	RATE (6.25%)	 (7.25%)	 RATE (8.25%)		
District proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	615 435	\$ 400 375	\$ 226 135		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$400,375 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 400 375
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	1 194 921
TOTAL	\$ 1 595 296

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0007702% which was a decrease of 0.00002% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

The total pension liability as of August 31, 2019 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2018 valuation.

Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2019.

Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.

The discount rate changed from 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.

With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this legislation would impact future salaries. We have assumed that eligible active members would each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$187,705 and revenue of \$187,705 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions form the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

DEEEDDED

DEFERRED

		DELLINED	DELENTED
		OUTFLOWS OF	INFLOWS OF
	_	RESOURCES	 RESOURCES
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1 682	\$ 13 902
Changes in actuarial assumptions		124 216	51 332
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		24 071	20 050
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		27 246	27 041
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		49 239	-
TOTAL	\$	226 454	\$ 112 325

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		PENSION
YEAR ENDED		EXPENSE
AUGUST 31,		AMOUNT
2021	<u> </u>	13 790
2022	\$	9 231
2023	\$	15 996
2024	\$	20 667
2025	\$	8 445
Thereafter	\$	(3 239)

D. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (OPEB)</u>

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698; or by calling 512.542.6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees							
January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2019							
Medicare Non-Medicare							
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200			
Retiree and Spouse		529		689			
Retiree* and Children		468		408			
Retiree and Family		1 020		999			

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Contribution Rates

	2019	2020
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Employer Contributions - 2020	\$	15 345
Member Contributions - 2020	\$	12 284
NECE On-behalf Contributions - 2019	\$	18 034

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019

Methods and Assumptions:

Election Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation

2.63% as of August 31, 2019 Single Discount Rate

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study performed for the Teachers Retirement System of Texas of the

period ending August 31, 2017.

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for Mortality Assumption

males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection, the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently

published projection scale ("U-MP").

Healthcare Trend Rates Initial medical trend rates of 107.74% and 9.00% for Medicare retirees and initial medical trend

rate of 6.75% for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00% for all retirees. The first year medical trend for Medicare retirees (107.74%) reflects the anticipated

return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 9 years. Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age 65

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience.

Third party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included Expenses

in the age-adjusted claims costs.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rate of Termination **Expected Payroll Growth**

Rates of Disability Incidence

Other Information: There was a significant plan change adopted in fiscal year ending August 31, 2018. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will be offered and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. Assumption changes made for the August 31, 2017 valuation include a change to the assumption regarding the phase-out of the Medicare Part D subsidies and a change to the discount rate from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

		1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
		in Discount		Single Discount		in Discount
		Rate (1.63%)		Rate (2.63%)		Rate (3.63%)
District's proportionate share of the	_	-			_	
net OPEB Liability	\$	1 091 918	\$	904 414	\$	757 730

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At August 31, 20 the District reported a liability of \$904,414 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provide to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	904 414
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	_	1 201 764
TOTAL	\$	2 106 178

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.00191% which was a decrease of (0.00006)% from August 31, 2018.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease	Current Single	1% Increase in
	in Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Trend Rate
	(3.5%)	(4.5%)	(5.5%)
District's proportionate share			
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 737 789	\$ 904 414	\$ 1 127 615

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

The following assumptions and other inputs which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- 1. The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- 2. The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- 3. The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED August 31, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

- 4. The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- 5. Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$31,674 and revenue of \$31,674 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following resources:

		Delerred		Dererred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	44 369	\$	147 998
Changes in actuarial assumptions		50 233		243 265
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		117		20
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		2		40 372
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	_	15 345	_	-
TOTAL	\$	110 066	\$	431 655
	·	•	-	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB
YEAR ENDED	EXPENSE
AUGUST 31,	 AMOUNT
2021	\$ (55 214)
2022	\$ (55 214)
2023	\$ (55 246)
2024	\$ (55 265)
2025	\$ (55 260)
Thereafter	\$ (60 735)

The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (known as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants. Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care received payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submissions by reporting entities for the month of May. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$8,266, \$6,031 and \$5,161, respectively.

E. Joint Venture-Shared Service Arrangement

The District participates in the following shared service arrangement:

Polk County Shared Services - Special Needs Cooperative

The District participates in a shared service arrangement for special education funded under IDEA-B Formula and Preschool and State Supplemental Special Education Funds with Corrigan-Camden ISD. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The revenues and expenditures are disclosed in the financial statements of the fiscal agent. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED August 31, 2020

NOTE 5 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District does not currently have any tax abatement agreements.

NOTE 6 - COVID-19 PANDEMIC IMPACT

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) was spread to the United States of America in January and February 2020. The World Health Organization declared the outbreak to constitute a pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our students, employees and vendors all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. As of the date these financial statements are issued, COVID-19 had not materially affected results of operations in 2020. However, the impact of response efforts on future operations cannot be predicted.

NOTE 7 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through, October 15, 2020 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGETARY COMPARISON

For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

EXHIBIT G-1

DATA CONTROL CODES			ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	<u>.</u>	ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
F700	Revenues:	_	1 274 020	_	1 274 020	_	4 222 022	_	F0 002
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	1 274 030	\$	1 274 030	\$	1 333 922	\$	59 892
5800	State program revenues		2 163 916		2 163 916		2 200 712		36 796
5900	Federal program revenues				117 275		155 595		38 320
5020	TOTAL REVENUES		3 437 946		3 555 221		3 690 229		135 008
	Expenditures:								
0011	Current:		1 564 640		4 675 205		1 564 240		110.026
0011	Instruction		1 564 640		1 675 285		1 564 349		110 936
0012	Instructional resources and media services		5 075		5 855		5 558		297
0013	Curriculum and staff development		34 275		34 275		8 773		25 502
0023	School leadership		252 001		255 501		249 589		5 912
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		77 319		78 169		77 085		1 084
0033	Health services		46 646		46 646		36 415		10 231
0034	Student transportation		126 802		126 802		115 121		11 681
0036	Co-curricular/extracurricular activities		104 172		104 172		59 821		44 351
0041	General administration		404 451		404 451		382 632		21 819
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		447 785		447 785		389 359		58 426
0052	Security and monitoring services		6 000		6 000		5 930		70
0053	Data processing services		110 671		112 171		86 538		25 633
0071	Principal on long-term debt		11 155		11 155		11 153		2
0093	Payments to shared service arrangements		64 000		64 000		52 827		11 173
0099	Other governmental charges		31 000	_	31 000		29 932		1 068
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3 285 992		3 403 267		3 075 082		328 185
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		151 954	-	151 954	-	615 147		463 193
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
8911	Other financing uses		_		_		(21 198)		(21 198)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	•		•		•	(21 150)		(21 150)
7000	(USES)		-	_	_	_	(21 198)		(21 198)
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		151 954		151 954		593 949		441 995
0100	Fund balances - Beginning		2 181 489		2 181 489		2 181 489		
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	2 333 443	\$	2 333 443	\$	2 775 438	\$	441 995

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Exhibit G-2

	2019	. <u>.</u>	2018	 2017	-	2016	 2015	-	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.000770%		0.000749%	0.0007311%		0.0007798%	0.0009360%		0.0007157%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 400 375	\$	412 443	\$ 233 755	\$	294 660	\$ 330 864	\$	191 174
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	1 194 921	. <u>-</u>	1 317 691	 883 834	· -	1 082 859	 958 029		822 110
TOTAL	\$ 1 595 296	\$	1 730 134	\$ 1 117 589	\$	1 377 519	\$ 1 288 893	\$_	1 013 284
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1 590 736	\$	1 565 348	\$ 1 649 488	\$	1 649 581	\$ 1 458 336	\$	1 400 097
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	25.17%		26.35%	14.17%		17.86%	22.69%		13.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.24%		73.74%	82.17%		78.00%	78.43%		83.25%

^{*} This schedule is illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Exhibit G-3

	-	2020	_	2019	-	2018	_	2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	49 239	\$	24 344	\$	25 242	\$	23 960	\$	24 775	\$ 27 715
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	(49 239)	_	(24 344)	-	(25 242)	_	(23 960)	-	(24 775)	(27 715)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ __	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ <u>-</u>	_	\$	_	\$ _
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1 889 918	\$	1 590 736	\$	1 565 348	\$	1 649 488	\$	1 649 581	\$ 1 458 336
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.61%		1.53%		1.61%		1.45%		1.50%	1.90%

^{*} This schedule is illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

EXHIBIT G-4

District's Proportionate Share of Liability		2019	2018		2017
District's proportion of the OPEBL		0.0019124%	0.0019559%		0.0019898%
District's proportionate share of the OPEBL	\$	904 414	\$ 976 605	\$	865 290
State share of the OPEBL associated with the District TOTAL	\$	1 201 764 2 106 178	\$ 1 281 049 2 257 654	\$	1 266 357 2 131 647
District's covered-employee payroll* Prior FY TRS Gross - September through August	\$	1 590 736	\$ 1 565 348	\$	1 649 488
Proportionate share/covered payroll		56.86%	62.39%		52.46%
Plan fiduciary net position/total OPEB liability		2.66%	1.57%		0.91%
District Contributions		2020	2019		2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions to required contribution CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ - \$_	15 345 (15 345)	\$ 13 116 (13 116)	\$ \$	13 493 (13 493)
Current fiscal year TRS gross	\$	1 889 918	\$ 1 590 736	\$	1 565 348
Contributions to covered payroll		0.81%	0.82%		0.86%

Information provided by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

^{*} This schedule is illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION August 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - BUDGET

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared no later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and will be appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Pension Benefit and OPEB Plan notes

See the financial statement notes for the changes in the pension and OPEB plan assumptions and methods.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.	Accounting

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS August 31, 2020

DATA CONTROL CODES	· Accessed	-	211 ESEA TITLE I IMPROVING BASIC PROGRAMS	- -	212 ESEA TITLE I SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT		240 NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST/ LUNCH PROGRAM		255 ESEA TITLE II TRAINING AND RECRUITING	_	266 ESSER GRANT
1110	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$		\$	60 767	\$		\$	5 841
1240	Due from other governments	Þ	10 496	Þ	3 047	Þ	4 276	Þ	- 22	Þ	6 736
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	¢ -	10 496	¢ -	3 047	\$	65 043	\$	22	¢ -	12 577
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts payable	\$	10 496	\$	3 047	\$	-	\$	22	\$	12 577
2160	Accrued wages payable	_	-	_	-		4 037			_	
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	10 496		3 047		4 037		22	_	12 577
	FUND BALANCES										
3450	Restricted for federal and state funds	_	-	_	-		61 006		_	_	
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-		61 006			_	
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	.	10.406	.	2.047	+	CE 042	.	22	.	12 577
	FUND BALANCES	\$_	10 496		3 047	\$	65 043	\$	22	\$_	12 577

EXHIBIT H-1

	288		289		410		429		499	
-	TITLE IV, PART A STUDENT SUPPORT AND ACADEMIC ENRICHMENT		SMALL RURAL SCHOOL ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM	_	TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT		SCHOOL SAFETY AND SECURITY GRANT		BERGMAN SCHOLARSHIP FUND	 TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	-	\$	199	\$	3 645	\$	-	\$	27 126	\$ 97 578
=	-		-	_			5 533		-	 30 110
\$_	-	\$	199	\$	3 645	\$	5 533	\$_	27 126	\$ 127 688
\$	- - -	\$ 	- - -	\$ - -	- - -	\$	5 533 - 5 533	\$ 	- - -	\$ 31 675 4 037 35 712
-	-		199 199	- -	3 645 3 645	. .	<u>-</u> -	 	27 126 27 126	 91 976 91 976
\$_	-	\$_	199	\$	3 645	\$	5 533	\$	27 126	\$ 127 688

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

DATA CONTROL CODES	-	-	211 ESEA TITLE I IMPROVING BASIC PROGRAMS		212 ESEA TITLE I SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT	-	240 NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST/ LUNCH PROGRAM		255 ESEA TITLE II TRAINING AND RECRUITING		266 ESSER GRANT
5700	Revenues: Local and intermediate sources	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11 380	\$	_	\$	_
5800	State program revenues	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	5 798	Ψ	_	Ψ	18
5900	Federal program revenues		130 705		83 948		166 458		9 300		20 985
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	-	130 705		83 948	-	183 636		9 300	•	21 003
		-				-					
	Expenditures: Current:										
0011	Instruction		114 724		83 379		-		9 011		19 512
0012	Instructional resources and										
	media services		15 981		-		-		-		-
0023	School leadership		-		-		-		289		-
0034	Student transportation		-		569		-		-		-
0035	Food services		-		-		195 645		-		-
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-		-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		-		-		-		-		22 689
0052	Security and monitoring										
	services		-			_					-
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		130 705		83 948		195 645		9 300		42 201
	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-			-	(12 009)			•	(21 198)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
7915	Transfer in	_	-			_					21 198
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					_					
	SOURCES (USES)	-	-			-	-		-		21 198
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(12 009)		-		-
0100	Fund halances - Reginning				_		73 015		_		_
	Fund balances - Beginning	-				-	/3 013				

EXHIBIT H-2

	288	289		410	429		499	
_	TITLE IV, PART A STUDENT SUPPORT AND ACADEMIC ENRICHMENT	SMALL RURAL SCHOOL ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM		TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT	SCHOOL SAFETY AND SECURITY GRANT	. <u>-</u>	BERGMAN SCHOLARSHIP FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	27 122	\$ 38 502
	-	-		10 779	25 000		-	41 595
-	9 776 9 776	14 065 14 065		10 779	25 000		27 122	435 237 515 334
-	9770	14 003	-	10 779	23 000		2/ 122	313 334
	9 776	13 869		7 637	-		-	257 908
	-	-		-	-		-	15 981
	-	-		-	-		-	289
	-	-		-	-		-	569
	-	-		-	-		- 23 750	195 645 23 750
	-	-		-	-		23 /30	23 /30
	-	-		-	-		-	22 689
	_	_		_	25 000		-	25 000
-	9 776	13 869	•	7 637	25 000		23 750	541 831
_	-	196		3 142			3 372	(26 497)
-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-			-	21 198
	-	-		-	-		-	21 198
-								
	-	196		3 142	-		3 372	(5 299)
_		3		503			23 754	97 275
\$_	-	\$ 199	\$	3 645	\$ -	\$	27 126	\$ 91 976

	OTHER SUPPLEMENTAR		
This section includes financial information not considered a part of the basic financial	and disclosures not requ statements. It may, how	ired by the Governmental ever, include information w	Accounting Standards Board and hich is required by other entities.

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

	(1)	(2)	۸۵	(3)
LAST 10 YEARS	MAINTENANCE	DEBT SERVICE		SESSED/APPRAISAL ALUE FOR SCHOOL TAX PURPOSES
2011 and prior years	Various	Various		Various
2012	1.0400	-	\$	112 930 192
2013	1.0400	-	\$	120 272 981
2014	1.0400	-	\$	118 257 179
2015	1.1700	-	\$	112 560 9 4 0
2016	1.1700	-	\$	106 972 735
2017	1.1700	0.1600	\$	103 689 699
2018	1.1700	0.1609	\$	108 000 150
2019	1.1700	0.1601	\$	108 769 265
2020 (School year under audit)	1.0683	0.1370	\$	128 634 103

TOTALS

EXHIBIT J-1

_	(10) BEGINNING BALANCE 09/01	 (20) CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL LEVY		(31) MAINTENANCE COLLECTIONS		(32) DEBT SERVICE COLLECTIONS	- <u>-</u>	(40) ENTIRE YEAR'S ADJUSTMENTS		(50) ENDING BALANCE 08/31
\$	94 725	\$ -	\$	2 170	\$	-	\$	(20 063)	\$	72 4 92
	17 455	-		612		-		(3)		16 840
	18 695	-		435		-		(3)		18 257
	22 351	-		534		-		(4)		21 813
	23 027	-		960		-		(3)		22 064
	24 372	-		5 341		-		3 013		22 044
	30 797	-		6 837		935		2 908		25 933
	39 101	-		5 793		797		2 029		34 540
	69 100	-		24 076		3 295		(382)		41 347
_	-	 1 461 677	-	1 208 898		155 033	_	(4 436)	_	93 310
\$_	339 623	\$ 1 461 677	\$_	1 255 656	\$_	160 060	\$	(16 944)	\$	368 640

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

EXHIBIT J-2

DATA CONTROL CODES	-	_	1 ORIGINAL BUDGET	 2 FINAL BUDGET		3 ACTUAL	 4 VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
5700 5800 5900 5020	Revenues: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ -	15 000 5 883 189 609 210 492	\$ 15 000 5 883 189 609 210 492	\$ 	11 380 5 798 166 458 183 636	\$ (3 620) (85) (23 151) (26 856)
0035 6030	Expenditures: Food service TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	210 492 210 492	 210 492 210 492		195 645 195 645	 14 847 14 847
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-		(12 009)	(12 009)
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	_	73 015	 73 015		73 015	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	73 015	\$ 73 015	\$_	61 006	\$ (12 009)

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

Exhibit J-3

DATA CONTROL CODES		-	1 ORIGINAL BUDGET		2 FINAL BUDGET	- <u>-</u>	3 ACTUAL	 4 VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:							
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	158 495	\$	158 495	\$	162 769	\$ 4 274
5800	State program revenues	-	6 658		6 658		7 645	 987
5020	TOTAL REVENUES		165 153		165 153	_	170 414	 5 261
0071 0072 0073	Expenditures: Principal on long-term debt Interest on long-term debt Issuance costs and fees	-	85 000 77 153 3 000	- <u>-</u>	85 000 77 153 3 000	_	85 000 77 150 1 000	 - 3 2 000
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		165 153		165 153		163 150	2 003
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	- <u>-</u>	-	- <u>-</u>	7 264	 7 264
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	_	70 439		70 439	_	70 439	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	70 439	\$	70 439	\$	77 703	\$ 7 264

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

Exhibit J-4

DATA CONTROL CODES		-	1 ORIGINAL BUDGET		2 FINAL BUDGET	_	3 ACTUAL	· <u>-</u>	4 VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
5700 5020	Revenues: Local and intermediate sources TOTAL REVENUES	\$ ₋	1 000 1 000	\$ <u></u>	1 000 1 000	\$ <u> </u>	645 645	\$ <u>_</u>	(355) (355)
0081	Expenditures: Capital outlay	-	325 467		325 467	_	265 530		59 937
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	325 467	_	325 467	_	265 530	_	59 937
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(324 467)		(324 467)		(264 885)		59 582
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	-	323 820		323 820	_	323 820	· <u>-</u>	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	(647)	\$	(647)	\$	58 935	\$_	59 582



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Goodrich Independent School District Goodrich, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Goodrich Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Goodrich Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goodrich Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Goodrich Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Goodrich Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lufkin, Texas October 15, 2020



GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

A. Summary of the Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements		
		Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
		Internal control over financial reporting:		
		Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings		
	Nor	ne		

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

2019-001

Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Inadequate Segregation of Duties

<u>Condition</u>

All business office employees have access to set up and process vendor and payroll transactions.

Corrective Actions

Job functions were segregated by functions to provide adequate controls.

Status

Resolved

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

None

GOODRICH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS As of August 31, 2020

Exhibit L-1

DATA CONTROL CODES		 RESPONSES
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold?	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administration Code and other statutes, laws, rules that were in effect at the school district fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ N/A